

FREEZES

had a charming spring, and a lovely day of summer. More delightful than ours. Our that season they took within the joys of Georgia's happy people. But are we

annually, we answer in the affirmative? With a desire on our part, we have put forth every effort to give everybody implicit faith, despite the alarming cry of a coming large, and continues honest, fearless, reliable state-ments, have taught the public Tennessee in his "Merlin and

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and 25c.—real bonanza bar-

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design.

THE

(VOL. XVII.)

THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

WHAT WAS SAID AND DONE IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY.

Everything Looking to an Early Adjournment of Congress—Measures Yet to be Acted on—The Civil Service Commission Looking for Quarters—Georgians at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—[Special.]—A strong disposition prevails in the house to shape its business with a view of adjournment at an early date in July. A conference of chairmen of the committees and the speaker was held this afternoon for the purpose of arranging an order of business which would prevent clashes between the committees, economize the time of the house and secure an agreement as to what further legislation should be attempted at this session. Nothing definite was determined upon, but a free exchange of views indicated a desire on the part of all present to co-operate for an early adjournment. At a meeting to be held tomorrow some order of business will be agreed upon which can probably be enforced in the house without serious difficulty. Mr. Morrison is not disposed to press his tariff bill at this session when it is apparent that the chances are against its consideration. Many friends of the bill think it would be better policy to let it go until next December. The interstate commerce bill, which is next to the tariff, is the measure that would consume most time, may also be laid aside until next session. With these two bills side-tracked, congress might find no difficulty in adjourning by the 1st of July. Leading republican senators say the senate has no objection to delay adjournment and can keep up with any pace the house may set.

SECRETARY MANNING is going to Warm Springs, Virginia, tomorrow. He will probably spend the summer there so as to be near Washington and within easy reach for consultation in reference to treasury matters at the white house and at the department.

The secretary has tendered his resignation. But the president has prevailed on him to take a leave of absence until his health improves, instead of giving up his office.

THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION. The troubles of the civil service commission accumulate. The legislative appropriations bill now under consideration in the house makes it rather difficult for the commission to carry out its duties which seriously abridge their powers. In addition to this attack on their present prerogatives, the commissioners find themselves threatened with a loss of their official quarters. Ever since the organization of the board that body has been quartered in the annex to the agricultural bureau building. The bureau has of late become cramped for room, and the quarters occupied by the commission. A short time ago Commissioner Coleman notified the board that they would have to move out by the first of July, as that day he would put carpenters at work making the alteration which he desired in their quarters, so as to fit them for the use of his bureau. Under the law the secretary of the interior is directed to assign or provide quarters for the civil service commissioners and their employees. Secretary Lamar having been informed of the notice which Commissioner Coleman had served upon the civil service board, rented for their use the house on H street, formerly occupied by the Chinese legation, at an annual rent of \$2,400. That house is now under the control of the commission, but so far Mr. Randall and Mr. Holman have refused to make provision for the payment of the rent. They are not actuated in their refusal by any hostility to the civil service commission, but by a desire to reduce the amount paid annually by the government in renting houses for the use of the government. The idea of Mr. Randall and of Mr. Holman is to make an addition to the pension building to accommodate the civil service commission and others. In the meantime the committee is in a rather uncertain position, although there is no likelihood of Secretary Lamar allowing them to be found without quarters.

PERSONAL. Collector Crenshaw is here on official business. Congressman Floyd King, of Louisiana, left tonight on a visit to his brother, who lives in Savannah. F. H. R.

COMMISSIONER BLACK'S CIRCULAR The Senate Inquiring of the Secretary of the Interior Concerning It.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—In the senate Mr. Beck went over till tomorrow, calling on the secretary of the interior to inform the senate whether a certain circular had been issued by the commissioner of the general land office, with the approval of the secretary of the interior. The resolution recites in full the recent circular to registers and receivers of land in the territory that no new application or entry under the preemption, timber culture, desert land acts would be received pending legislation by congress on the repeal of these acts. The resolution then directs the secretary of the interior to inform the senate by what act it was claimed congress had delegated to the commissioner of the general land office, or to the secretary of the interior, or to those officers jointly, power to suspend, by executive order, the operation throughout the United States of the pre-emption, timber culture and desert land acts and to deny to citizens of the United States their rights under said acts.

Mr. Dawes and Senator Morgan submitted the report committee on Indian affairs on its investigations of the condition of the Indians in the Indian territory and other reservations, as directed by legislation of June 11, December 3, 1884, and February 20, 1885. The report is very long. The principle subjects investigated by the committee are the present industrial, social, moral and political condition of the five civilized tribes. Incidentally other smaller tribes are so advanced in civilization received the attention of the committee. The leading and more important facts touch the claims of the Creeks and Seminoles in Oklahoma and the pretenses of the right of entry upon these lands by bands of colonists who claim that they were open to settlement as part of the public domain, are set forth in evidence submitted with the report.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds, the Chinese indemnity bill was taken up, but was informally laid aside at the request of Mr. Allison, to permit the consideration of the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill.

At 2 o'clock the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill went over and the Chinese indemnity bill was taken up.

Mr. Cockrell took the floor in opposition to the bill.

At the conclusion of Mr. Cockrell's speech the bill passed—yeas 30, nays 10.

The senators voting in the negative were: Beck, Berry, Cockrell, Coke, Eustis, George, Harris, Maxey, Maxwell, of Oregon, and Vest.

The bill authorizes the president to ascertain the losses sustained by the Chinese by the riot

at Rock Springs, Wyoming, in September, 1885, and to pay such losses. The amount appropriated by the bill for that purpose is \$150,000.

The senate then resumed consideration of the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. On reaching the appropriation of \$2,270 as the American contribution to the maintenance of the international bureau of weights and measures, Mr. Conger attacked the item with ridicule and with an appeal to the national feelings of the senators.

After an explanation of the item by Messrs. Allison and Eustis, Mr. Conger moved to strike it out.

This motion was rejected. Yeas 1, Conger; nays 42. [Great laughter.]

The senate, at 5:30 p. m., without finishing the bill, adjourned till tomorrow.

THE HOUSE PROCEEDINGS. A Doorkeeper's Offense—Mr. Boutelle and the Duties of Fish.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—In the house, Mr. Cox of North Carolina, called up an order of privilege of the report of the committee on civil service reform relative to the appropriation for the improvement of levees at Jeffersonville, Ind. The report is embodied in a resolution discharging F. W. Warder (a doorkeeper) from the service of the house.

Mr. Ward, of Indiana, offered as substitute a resolution declaring that the evidence in this case does not sustain the charges that it is improper for any officer or employee of the house to seek to influence legislation, either directly or indirectly, and that the action of such an officer or employee in this respect is a crime.

After a long and sharp debate Ward withdrew his resolution, and Mr. Oates, of Alabama, offered in lieu thereof a resolution declaring that the conduct of Luther F. Warder, being at the time an employee of the house, in receiving money from the city of Jeffersonville, Ind., to employ counsel to influence legislation of congress, was a gross impropriety, and expressing the emphatic condemnation of the house therefor, but stating that the evidence adduced, in the opinion of the house, does not require his expulsion from the office of doorkeeper. This resolution was agreed to—yeas 140, nays 67.

Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, introduced a bill relating to duties on fish. Referred. The bill repeals and strikes from the free list a paragraph providing for the free importation of "fish, fresh for immediate consumption."

"Fish sounds or fish bladders, fish tongues, cod, sounds, hake sounds, fish skins and shrimps or other shellfish under schedule G, provisions, it increases the duty on mackerel from 1 to 2 cents per pound; on herring, pickled or salted, from one-half to one cent per pound; on salmon, pickled or salted, from one-half to one cent per pound; on fish, pickled, in barrels or salted cod, from one to two cents per pound; on foreign caught fish, imported otherwise than in barrels or half barrels, whether fresh, smoked, dried, salted or pickled, not specially enumerated, provided for, from 50 cents to \$1 per 100 pounds; on anchovies and sardines in boxes, increased from 10, 15, 20 cents per box, to 15, 20 and 40 cents per box, when imported in tin boxes, from ten to 20 cents per tin box, increased 40 to 50 per cent ad valorem.

The paragraph providing for a duty on tin cans containing fish is stricken out. The duty on fish preserved in oil, other than anchovies and sardines, is increased from 30 to 40 per cent ad valorem, and on salmon and all other fish prepared or preserved from 35 to 50 per cent ad valorem. The act is to take effect thirty days after approval.

Mr. Boutelle says, in reference to the bill, that the so-called retaliatory provision recently added by congress to the tariff bill, is altogether improper and justifiable, will not be regarded with much concern by the Canadians, as they do not care for the privilege of purchasing bait or supplies in our ports. He proposes, therefore, to deal with the fishery question practically by terminating the free importation of fish and instead to make provision for the payment of the rent. They are not actuated in their refusal by any hostility to the civil service commission, but by a desire to reduce the amount paid annually by the government in renting houses for the use of the government. The idea of Mr. Randall and of Mr. Holman is to make an addition to the pension building to accommodate the civil service commission and others. In the meantime the committee is in a rather uncertain position, although there is no likelihood of Secretary Lamar allowing them to be found without quarters.

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ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1886

UNFIT TO LIVE. THE HANGMAN'S RECORD OF YESTERDAY.

Two Negro Murderers of a White Boy Died on the Scaffold at Winchester, Va.—Jim Baxter Protested His Innocence at Lebanon, Tenn. But in Hang All the Same, Etc.

WINCHESTER, Va., June 4.—Wes Honeys and Tally Banks, negroes, were hanged at 9:22 o'clock this morning, for the murder of Joseph McFall on the night of November 11, 1884. Religious services in the jail were conducted by Rev. J. P. Hyde Reovz and F. H. E. J. Evans and Rev. Whitmore. Captain Denton, of the salvation army, was also present. They lasted about an hour, and the sacrament was administered. The criminals then marched with the officials and ministers. They stepped up firmly ten steps to the floor of the scaffold. Banks began to tremble violently, but Honeys stood firm on the trap door. Mr. Moody's hymn, "There is Light in the Valley," was then sung by request, both joining in loudly. The ministers returned to the jail steps. Honeys said, "I thank God I am converted, and I am going home to heaven. No man's blood rests on my soul. I have not to answer for it. I thank all the officers and ministers for their kindness."

Banks said: "I am not guilty of what is put on me. I want to meet all my friends in heaven."

Their arms were then pinioned, the black executioner over their heads and in a loud voice cried out:

"Good-bye, God be with you."

The trap was sprung by a wire running along the cell in rear of the scaffold. The limbs of Banks were drawn up convulsively several times, and Honeys's twice. At 15 minutes to ten o'clock the physicians pronounced them dead, the necks of both being broken. The bodies were then lowered from the gallows. About seventy-five spectators were present.

HANGING AT LEBANON, TENN. Jim Baxter Swings for the Murder of a Woman.

NASHVILLE, June 4.—[Special.]—The hanging of Jim Baxter at Lebanon today was a very quiet affair and attracted few people to town. Only twelve persons were inside the inclosure where the execution took place. Baxter's neck was broken, but he struggled to death in fifteen minutes, after which his body was turned over to his relatives. He denied to the last that he was guilty. The crime for which he was executed was the murder of Martha Lane on the night of the 13th of last September. Mrs. Martha Lane was found dying in her own house, on a prominent street of Lebanon. Her brains had been beaten out with a four-pound stone from her own fireplace. She was speckless until the day before her death, when she described the assassins. Baxter, who had been suspected, was brought in, and she identified him as the murderer. Andrew Church was arrested as an accomplice, and a detective placed in a cell with Church and Baxter secured from Church a full confession of how he waited outside the door to give the alarm while Baxter killed Mrs. Lane. The dying statement of Mrs. Lane and Church's confession convicted Baxter, and the supreme court affirmed the conviction. Baxter was also convicted, and is now serving a life sentence in the state penitentiary.

Hung for Assaulting a Lady. OPELOUSAS, La., June 4.—Alfred Taylor, colored, aged 22, was hanged here at 1:37 this afternoon, for assaulting a white woman in February last. He protested his innocence to the last.

A SENTENCE COMMUTED. Governor Rife, of Tennessee, Saves a Murderer from the Scaffold.

NASHVILLE, June 4.—On March 20, 1885, Allen Herbert and Henry Edwards were convicted by the grand jury of the murder of a woman. Herbert was sentenced to death, and Edwards to life imprisonment. The governor has commuted the sentence of Edwards to life imprisonment.

A Young Man Charged With Rape. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 4.—[Special.]—A young man charged with rape, was arrested today by the sheriff of the county seat of Roane county. A highly respected young man, named Harry Douglas, was arrested and placed in jail, without bond, on the charge of having committed a rape on a young lady of the place. She claims that Douglas had her some drug, and while under its influence he committed the crime. The case is now pending in the grand jury.

An Indian Outrage. TUCSON, Ariz., June 4.—A rancher arrived here yesterday from Valle's rancho, east of Fort Lowell, with the intelligence that the Indian had killed Dr. Clinton H. Davis yesterday afternoon. He had gone out on that section for a drive. He was from Iowa, and with his wife and family was visiting his brother, W. C. Davis, of Tucson. There were eight Indians in the party.

A Fight Between Brothers. READING, Pa., June 4.—Frank and Charles Zabe, brothers, aged nineteen and twenty-one years, respectively, had a quarrel at their home here this evening, when Frank fired three shots into his brother's stomach and lungs, and then shot himself in the back. Both are unconscious and will not live. The quarrel arose out of a dispute over a woman, and the brother had interfered with his affairs.

The Jury Out in the Maxwell Case. ST. LOUIS, June 4.—The Maxwell case was given to the jury at 9 o'clock tonight. At 11 p. m. the court adjourned till tomorrow, leaving the jury locked up.

New Iron Furnaces. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 4.—[Special.]—The Times has received information from reliable sources that a company has been formed in favor of a general and compulsory taxation of property, and that the company has been organized in the city of Chattanooga. The company has been organized in the city of Chattanooga. The company has been organized in the city of Chattanooga.

Business Failures for the Week. NEW YORK, June 4.—Business failures, occurring throughout the country during the last seven days as reported to E. G. Dan & Co., number for the United States 709; Canada 27; total 736—against 121 last week, and 107 the week previous. More than half the casualties reported by the western and Pacific states.

A Rowing Match. TORONTO, June 4.—The water was rough all the afternoon. At 6:00 o'clock Hanlan and Lee and Hosmer and McKay started in a double scull race. After turning the first buoy, Hosmer and McKay were swamped. Hanlan and Lee rowed over the course, but the heat was declared off because they took a sponge from another boat at the second turn. All the heats are to be rowed tomorrow.

INFURIATED WOMEN. Mothers Place Their Babies on the Railroad Track to Stop Trains.

CHICAGO, June 4.—There was a report this morning at Cummings that the Rock Island road would move four cars loaded with nails made by new men at Cummings's mill works. As several of the strikers had been enjoined from interfering in any way with the working of the mills, the removal of these cars was resented in a peculiar way. Ten o'clock was the hour when the engines were expected up from south Chicago, and before that hour women and children to the number of two hundred, wives and families of former employees, assembled with sticks in their hands, around the terminus of the railroad tracks and opposite to the entrance to the mill works. Females were sent down the track towards South Chicago to apprise the party of the engine's approach. While these were keeping guard, a contingent was dispatched to the residence of Tom Bethel, a non-union man, who was moving to Chicago for safety. Mrs. Bethel was alone superintending the packing of household goods when she was startled by the beating of tin pans and wild hoots and yells. Several windows were smashed by boulders, and she was battered roundly by the women and children until the police dispersed the party. They returned to the depot where they were standing one of the pickets came running, breathlessly along the track, waving her shawl and shouting "to the cars!" This was signaling the approach of the engine. Then there was a rush to where the loaded cars were standing. Mothers, with infants in arms, and dragging youngsters by the hand, hurried along. All eyes were represented. Mothers grouped their children up, and the children were crying. The engine steamed up slowly, but seeing the living obstacle on the track reversed and returned to south Chicago. Then the Amazons dispersed and on their return jeered and abused the representatives of the company at the gate, calling them the most abominable names, the police by their presence only preventing an infliction of violence by the infuriated women.

At two o'clock when the engines appeared again, fully 2,000 women and children were thronging the tracks and apparently as determined as before to halt them. Captain Hunt, with sixty policemen from Hyde Park, he reported in the meantime and attempted to clear the tracks, but could do it only with great difficulty. The women, feeling sure they would not be clubbed, refused to move, or moved very slowly when told to do so, and closed up again on the tracks unless absolutely held back by the officers. The engines were not able to get them off the tracks until 3 o'clock. The greatest excitement prevailed, and all attempts made to move the cars proved futile.

During the evening the tracks were finally cleared of women and children. Then new complications arose. The train men unanimously refused to lift a hand toward moving two cars loaded with so-called "scab" nails. The Rock Island officials at once ordered the entire crew, engineers, firemen and all concerned, including the switchmen. There is a possibility that the affair will lead to serious trouble between the railroad and the strikers, many of whom are members.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR. Finishing up the Business of the Convention—Departure of Delegates.

CLEVELAND, O., June 4.—The executive board of the Knights of Labor held a session this morning and three hours later adjourned. Mr. Powderly then went home and Mr. Bailey returned home to Shawnee, Ohio. The meeting of the board the immediate work was divided into districts and Mr. Barry was sent to Milwaukee to look into the labor troubles in that vicinity. From Milwaukee he will go to Yonkers, N. Y., to investigate the carpet-weavers' strike. Secretary Turner and Hayes will proceed to Troy, N. Y., where there is a strike of collar makers and laundrymen. The trades unionists and home club delegates of New York left in the afternoon. The Michigan delegates were among the last to leave and went west at 10 o'clock tonight. The conference committee of five has not been appointed yet, and it is probable that Mr. Powderly will wait until officially notified of some grievance of trades unions before naming the committee.

LABOR TROUBLES. The Third Avenue Car Strike in New York.—The Situation Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, June 4.—For several days there was nothing of incident to notice in the strike of Third Avenue railroad employees. Cars were running with a full complement of drivers and conductors, and the strike was looked upon as practically ended. Today, however, two of the new drivers on the cars, one from Harlem to 65th street jumped from their cars at 94th street and ran away. About the same time one driver and three conductors abandoned their cars at Grand street. A temporary blockade of the line was caused. It is rumored that others of the men have taken the place of strikers will also abandon their cars at various points along the line.

One of the cars was abandoned by its driver on a grade near Ninety-fourth street. A striker named John Casey pulled the pin that couples the traces to the cars, and Joseph Deane and James Patterson kicked the horses into forward action. The car, which contained several school children, started down grade backward. It had attained considerable speed when stopped, but nobody was hurt. The driver says that the reins were snatched from his hands, and that he was knocked down when he attempted to follow his team. The horses finally ran into an elevated railroad pillar. Captain Delaney arrested the men and James Patterson kicked the horses into forward action. The car, which contained several school children, started down grade backward. It had attained considerable speed when stopped, but nobody was hurt. The driver says that the reins were snatched from his hands, and that he was knocked down when he attempted to follow his team. The horses finally ran into an elevated railroad pillar. 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## A MIDNIGHT BRAWL.

EAST MACON NEGROES KICK UP A ROW.

All About a Woman—A Jones County Negro on His Mule—Peter Sawyer—Two Amos Negroes—A Personal Paragraph, Etc., Etc.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Some time ago Peter Johnson went up in Jones county, and there being a scarcity of damsels in East Macon, he followed the plan adopted by the tribe of Benjamin, and captured a girl of his own, which he transferred to the more aristocratic region of East Macon, under the hill. Jim Bartlett, a Jones county negro, had a previous claim on the chiquipine colored maiden, and he came down to East Macon to file a suit in replevin for the recovery of his dulcinea.

On Monday night they had a row, and in the melee the girl Catherine got a bullet in her foot. This caused a two-for-a-nickel sensation, and last night Jim decided to try the experiment again. He visited the Johnson mansion, and they had a terrible tournament of blasphemy and blasphemy, and Jim left. Later in the night he returned, swearing that he would have the girl or die, and fired his pistol and raised a great hullabaloo. Peter got his gun and he and his brother held the fort till dawn, when the enemy raised the siege, and the Johnson forces evacuated their stronghold and retreated at a rapid gait up the street.

Peter will have Jim arrested at the first opportunity, but it appears that Jim keeps out of the way during the day and does his deeds of the night. There is considerable excitement among the negroes.

Joe Kitchen's Crime.

HE IS JAMMED ON THE CHARGE OF MURDER—AND A PERSONAL PARAGRAPH.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Wednesday Judge Amos Siders summoned a jury and held an inquest on the body of the little negro child who died in East Macon Monday. Several witnesses were sworn, and the negro child on Thursday last, Joe died the child in a go-cart and tried to force it to walk. The little child was six years old, but it had been born with a strange deformity, its head being like any ordinary child, but its lower extremities formed like a frog, and its only attempt at speaking was a dismal croak like that of a frog. Its inability to walk seemed to exasperate the brutal man, and he kicked it clear across the house, swearing that if he could kill it and not be found out he would do it. He said frequently that he wished it were dead and out of his way.

After the child was kicked it seemed to grow ill and continued growing worse until Monday, when it died. Its grandmother, who was very fond of it, grieved about the matter for some time. Finally, Joe threatened to kill her in just three weeks. She became frightened and applied to Judge Siders for a warrant and Joe was arrested and placed in jail.

At the inquest Dr. McCarty had the body exhumed and conducted an autopsy on the body. He found the liver and adjacent parts badly bruised, with a gill of blood in between the skin and the ribs. The ribs themselves showed signs of being badly injured by the kick. The jury brought in a verdict in accordance with the evidence, and all were of the opinion that it was a clear case of murder.

Joe Kitchen is a very brutal negro. During the big snow six years ago, he killed a man. He had sworn previously that on the first day of January, following he would kill him, and sure enough on that day he took his gun and shot him dead.

For this crime he was tried and sentenced to serve five years in the chain-gang, which sentence has not been completed. The general indignation is expressed at this last brutal act of murdering a deformed idiot just to get it out of his way, and he stands a pretty good chance of hanging for it.

Peter Sawyer's Third Trial.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Two previous trials the authorities have had jury summoned to try Peter C. Sawyer in a case of insanity. On both occasions the jury failed to convict him. His deplorable condition, as stated in these columns, induced Mayor Price and Chief C. M. Wiley to appoint Drs. Stephens, Walker and Johnson as a commission to examine him. They spent some time in making a careful examination of the case, and the result was they reported him a fit subject for the lunatic asylum. Today Judge McManus summoned a third jury, of which Mr. Fred Abell was foreman, and after hearing the statements of Drs. Walker and Stephens, the jury returned a unanimous verdict of insanity, and recommended that Sawyer be sent to the asylum. This was to say that a lunatic verdict, as the old man may be restored by proper treatment.

A Model Undertaker.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Mr. J. J. Clay has just received a letter from A. Richards, of Stowe, Vt., that is a tribute to the efficiency of his work. It states that the body of Homer Harvey, a youth who died here some time ago, and was embalmed at Mr. Clay's undertaking establishment, arrived there in perfect condition after being out of ground eleven days, and that it might have been kept out much longer without any trouble.

This is quite a triumph for a southern undertaker, and Mr. Clay is very proud of it. He has sold sixty-six coffins the past month, and there have been no interments at Rose Hill. They of course divided among Rebert, Taylor, Wood & Bond, and Clay, thus showing that a good many other points are supplied from this.

Pio Nono Classes.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Pio Nono college, Greenville, closed Thursday morning and the honors awarded were as follows: Degree of bachelor of arts and graduation medal, Robert Raymond Reid, of Florida; conduct medal, E. W. Nugent, Savannah; junior class medal, H. C. Hoyt, Macon; freshman class medal, A. A. Aveille, Savannah; preparatory class medal, James Johnson, Brunswick; senior class medal, R. R. Reid, Jr., Florida; junior class medal, A. A. Aveille, Savannah; Christian doctrine medal, William Rainey, Atlanta.

The examination was highly creditable, and the boys seem to have made fair progress in the various courses.

The Amazons in Battle.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Lizzie King and Liza Dempsey have long nursed an old feud of jealousy. A superannuated man of all work won the affection of Miss Dempsey, whereupon Miss King took it upon herself to make slight remarks concerning the withered age of the groom and the budding youth of the bride. This warmed Liza's wrath to a fever heat, and when she met Lizzie high words led to blows, and the confines of Cross Keys resounded with the wild alarm of battle. Lizzie pounded Liza and the latter gouted the former, and the former grabbed a handful of sand and stuffed it in the latter's eyes, so that Liza will go to the hospital as a swollen-eyed bride. All are, of course, as highly colored as this narrative.

Spicy Specials.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—In the city today J. C. Cassidy, one of Pat Macafferty's Cotton avenue angels, was fined \$2, and costs for gaming. The other four will be tried tomorrow. Macafferty, Drew, Bessie, and Lizzie, brought them in, and Pat says he will break up the den before he quits.

Out at the Primitive Baptist church, Bethlehem, in Greenville, a three days' meeting is going on under the auspices of Elder Henderson. Foot-washing will be performed next Sunday.

Colonel Dudley Hammond is in the city, and there are arrangements made for one thousand people at Forsyth tomorrow. There will be the grandest barbecue of the season, and General Gordon is expected to make a great speech on the gubernatorial question.

Other Bennett Jones had to shoot a mad poodle five times before he could kill him out at Fulton church yesterday.

Sixty-four miles from Savannah engine No. 7 ran

off the main line on to a side track that had not been changed, yesterday, and it remained there several hours before it could be picked up again. The cab and seven cars were turned upside down. Jim Tom Robinson had his leg broken by the upsetting of a wagon load of lumber on the Cornington and Macon railroad yesterday. The leg was broken at the knee and had not completely healed. Dr. J. G. McCarty set the wound.

Lightning struck a tree near Gordon yesterday, near the right of way, and the engine No. 3 was passing, and those on the engine were somewhat shocked. It was not raining at the time, and the woodpecker says that the earth was torn up as if a cannon ball had struck the ground and exploded on the spot.

J. J. Clay, undertaker, sold five coffins Tuesday, four each Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week. Pretty high death rate that.

The old skating rink building is to be torn down by G. B. Pettit, the owner. It did not pay out well.

Henry Spear has sent out instructions to the Macon bar that he will have a preliminary call of cases for assignment on Monday next.

Justice Freeman was still too ill to hold court today and the cases set for hearing in chambers today were passed over.

Julius Brinson has but eighteen prisoners in jail, and five of them are under sentence and will be removed in a few days.

Bumprich the Muldoveville murderer, is cheerful and fat as a bear. He says nothing about his trial, and seems totally indifferent in regard to the trial.

Andrew Jackson's mother came to see him in his cell yesterday. He is recognized in respect to her. He is playing his part as a lunatic in his own style.

Miss Julia the American post office is cheerful, and looks forward to his trial day with pleasant anticipations of freedom.

The Athens held an interesting meeting at the residence of Mr. E. W. Wainwright, on Tuesday night.

Fifty-seven dogs have been killed since the ordinance requiring them to wear badges went into effect on the 1st.

Miss T. M. Moore, mother of Captain Frank Moore, died at Columbus Friday. He was a member of the Georgia militia.

Colonel E. E. Brown, of the 14th regiment, will return from Europe July first. Crosby and Moore will then take charge.

Mack Martin, a twenty year old student of Mercer died at Columbus Friday. He was a member of the Georgia militia.

Forty-four white and seventeen colored marriage licenses were issued by the clerk during the month of May.

Personal Paragraphs.

MACON, June 4.—[Special.]—Judge Richard Clark is still in the city and will remain until next week.

Dr. H. J. Clark and T. A. Hammond are at the Brown House en route for Cumberland. Rev. Mr. Austin, of East Macon Methodist church, was once more out on a protracted mission. He is still quite feeble.

J. Howard Danner, manager Georgia department of the Mutual Life stock insurance association of Maryland, is in the city. Mr. Danner's headquarters are at the Kimball House, Atlanta, and his headquarters here are at the Kimball House.

The closing German to the honorary members of the Thialian was danced at the Volunteers' armory tonight. It was well attended, and a fitting valedictory to a season of unusual gaiety.

S. S. Sweet, S. S. S., was in town today. Dr. and Mrs. McHattan are off to New York. Dr. W. N. Huff is off to Atlanta today.

Joe Ruhl is said to be riding out today. Judge Nottingham, of Perry, was in the city today.

Miss Lizzie Baun returned to school at Staunton, Va. today.

Miss McLeod and T. F. Murphy were married today. Rev. Dr. E. W. Warren officiating. Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hyington have settled themselves permanently in Jacksonville, Fla. Their friends will be pleased to learn of an improvement in the health of both.

General John B. Gordon passed through the city in his way to Forsyth today.

Charles Campbell and Dr. J. S. Baxter are off to North Carolina.

A. F. Lagerquist and Dr. W. C. Gibson, are off for a pleasure trip to Cumberland.

THE COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

The Gun Club—Business in Muscogee Superior Court.

COLUMBUS, June 4.—[Special.]—In the public shooting this afternoon by the gun club, Mr. C. M. Woolfolk won the first honor, breaking out ten clay pigeons.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hyington have settled themselves permanently in Jacksonville, Fla. Their friends will be pleased to learn of an improvement in the health of both.

The picnic of the season is to be given at Kingsboro Saturday of next week. It will be attended by the best people of the city and none will be expected to attend without an invitation.

It is said that the grand jury here stands 17 for Gordon, 1 for Bacon, and 1 for McHattan.

Five hundred and eighty books were circulated by the public library during the month of May.

In Muscogee superior court, today, Judge Barham presiding, the following business was transacted: Columbus and Rome Railway company, plaintiff in error, vs. Sarah Ferguson, next friend, defendant in error; remitter from supreme court, judgment affirmed.

Sarah Ferguson, next friend, plaintiff in error, vs. Columbus and Rome Railway company, defendant in error; remitter from supreme court, judgment reversed. An order was passed under agreement, dismissing the cases of E. C. Hood, Peter Preer and T. J. Nuckolls vs. A. Dexter. They are similar to the one above. In re James M. McNeill and S. B. Hatcher, appointed as jury commissioners. In re Charles F. Pekor, order of naturalization. The state vs. Jeff Andrews, assault with intent to murder, verdict of guilty, with recommendation of mercy, and sentence to two years in the penitentiary. The state vs. Boland Lee, assault; verdict of guilty and sentenced to eight months on the chain gang or a fine of \$25 and costs. The case of J. W. Livingstone, for burglary, was continued. The case of Richard Glover, who was charged with cow stealing, was not pressed. William Courtney was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. His counsel have filed a motion for a new trial, and it will be heard by Judge Barham.

Atlanta some time in vacation. The grand jury returned six true bills. The traverse jurors were discharged for the term.

The Thomsville Library.

THOMSVILLE, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Only a short time ago the Thomsville library association was badly in debt and but little interest was manifested in its well-being. A new set of directors were elected, consisting chiefly of young men. These young men at once determined to place the association on a firm foundation and make it creditable to the city. As a result the library is out of debt and has a large and daily increasing membership. Last month 500 new books were purchased and an order has been given for 300 more, which are expected in a few days. All of the leading dailies and periodicals are kept on file and a lady or gentleman who has an hour to spare can find no better or more entertaining place to spend it than at the library.

Accident on the Central.

JONESBORO, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—The thorough freight due at this place about 12:40 was thrown from the track as it was taking the siding to let the up passenger pass. The engine and first six cars passed over but the next two jumped the rail, leaving the next between the siding and main track, while the next two cars took to the main line. No damage except the displacement of the rails. The train was moving very slowly. Had it been moving at the usual rate, the result might have been a serious one.

Captain Swoll Injured.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Captain Wm. Swoll, the well known city contractor, was painfully injured today. He was on the platform of a street car, which was crowded, when the car coming to the depot, he fell on a switch knocked him off, severely injured, bruising his side and rendering him unconscious. He was conveyed to his home, and it is feared internally injured.

GEORGIA BREVITIES.

The new ordinary of Henry county, Judge W. P. Nelson, has been sworn in by Judge Boynton, and entered into his duties last Thursday.

The cotton and corn crop in Henry is extremely promising. Oats more or less damaged. Wheat almost a total failure.

Carter's Little Liver Pills will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Ask your druggist for them.

## CRIME IN RABUN.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR JUDGE LYNCH.

An Uncle Commits a Horrible Crime Upon His Little Niece—Tracked Over Into North Carolina and Brought Back—The People Indignant—Details of the Horrible Crime, Etc.

CLAYTON, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Tennessee valley is in a fever of excitement over a fiendish rape committed on little Angie Shelton by James K. Harvey. Thaddeus Harvey and his wife went to spend the night with a neighbor, leaving James Harvey, a brother of Thaddeus, to take care of the children. Among the children was the victim, a step daughter of Thaddeus. In their absence James Harvey took hold of Angie and threatened to kill her if she refused to let him do as he pleased. After accomplishing his diabolical purpose he told the child that if she ever informed any one as to what he had done that he would be certain to kill her. As soon as her mother returned home she informed her. Mrs. Harvey soon made her brothers, Jesse and like McCarty acquainted with the outrage perpetrated on their niece. They immediately started after Harvey swearing vengeance. They searched for him diligently, but without success. The news of the outrage soon spread far and wide. Yesterday the sheriff of Rabun county was notified that James Harvey had been lodged in the Franklin jail, in Macon county, subject to the orders of Rabun county. The sheriff sent men after him, who returned to Clayton today with the prisoner in safe custody. He is now being held in jail awaiting the action of our next grand jury. The feelings against Harvey runs high, though there is no danger of the law feeling intercepted. The boy is only eight or nine years of age. Harvey may make up his mind to either hang or spend the balance of his days in the penitentiary.

Decided to be Gambling.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—In the city today an important case, under trial the past three days, was concluded. This was the case of E. R. Smith & Co., of New York, vs. C. M. Cunningham, of this city, action on a due-bill for \$7,000 for losses sustained in cotton speculation. The defendant put on five pleas, all of which the jury decided against him, with the exception of the last, which, under direct charge of the judge, in accordance with a decision of the supreme court last January, resulted in the giving of the verdict in his favor. This plea was that dealing in futures is contrary to law, and is a gambling transaction. This is the second case of the kind that has been similarly decided in Georgia, the first being in Augusta, in which the defendant was named Cunningham.

Fight in a Churchyard.

ATHENS, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Emanuel Cooper, an old negro man, who lives about 50 years old, who lives in Gwinnett county, near the Walton line, committed suicide by hanging himself. She took a plow line, climbed upon a high stump near a pine sapling, tied the rope to the trunk of the tree, and hanged and jumped off. She was dead when found. No cause is known for the act. She had a good home and was well thought of by her neighbors.

Suicide Near Monroe.

MONROE, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Yesterday, a young man, who lives about 50 years old, who lives in Gwinnett county, near the Walton line, committed suicide by hanging himself. She took a plow line, climbed upon a high stump near a pine sapling, tied the rope to the trunk of the tree, and hanged and jumped off. She was dead when found. No cause is known for the act. She had a good home and was well thought of by her neighbors.

The Bond Measure Defeated.

ROME, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—The consolidated vote shows 1,719 votes in favor of bridge bonds and 21 against. While the majority was overwhelming for bonds, yet the requisite two-thirds majority of qualified voters of the county were not obtained, and the bonds cannot be issued. The commissioners will now levy a direct tax and build the bridges at once.

Sam Jones in Rome.

ROME, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Sam Jones preached at the war house at six o'clock this morning, and tonight an immense congregation greeted him. Probably more than two thousand were present tonight, notwithstanding threatening weather.

Tracklaying in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—It is proposed to lay a railroad connecting with the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad to the Baltimore steamship wharf, distance about hundred feet.

THE TREMBLING SCHOOL GIRL.

Shorter College Inaugurates Its Commencement Season.

ROME, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Shorter college was well attended tonight by a large number of the city to hear the address delivered by the literary societies of the college by the Hon. Seaborn Wright. Mr. Wright's subject was "Social Problems," and he handled it in a masterly manner, holding the attention of the audience throughout.

The speaker discussed the men of the day, and first paid his respects to the duke, or "the man in black." But both these things are needless, what right have they to live? "The masquerade" is not a product of this age, but comes down to us from antiquity, only slightly modified. The great evils in a duke's life are the germ, the epidemic and the advent of a new girl in the community.

Next came the sentimental man, who wears his hair long, cares not for fashion, and degrades his poetry. But both these things are needless, what right have they to live? "The masquerade" is not a product of this age, but comes down to us from antiquity, only slightly modified. The great evils in a duke's life are the germ, the epidemic and the advent of a new girl in the community.

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## LITIGATION IN KERRILL COUNTY.

Dawson, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Terror superior court session in session, and has been engaged this week in trying civil cases. A large part of two days was occupied in the trial of the case of Colonel J. Madison Jones, of Macon, against Samuel A. Grier, deceased, and which is an effort to subject several plantations in this county to a debt sued to judgment in 1863. The lands are claimed by other parties now, and the litigation growing out of the effort to sell these lands has been and will continue to be protracted and determined. The plaintiff is ably represented by Judge Kiddoo, of Cuthbert, and the claimants are relying for success on the earnest efforts of their attorneys, Messrs. C. B. Wooten, L. C. Hoyl, Simmons &amp; Gentry and J. G. Parks.

Had to Call in Assistance.

DANIELSVILLE, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—A certain father while walking over his farm on last Sunday, unexpectedly came upon a son almost grown playing cards with some neighbor boys. When the father upon reaching the house attempted to chastise his son for his transgression he found that he had struck his match and had to call upon another son to help finish the job. The young card player left for a more congenial climate.

Prevented from Attendance.

DAWSON, Ga., June 4.—[Special.]—Our townsman, James G. Parks, who was appointed on the board of visitors to the State university and the Atlanta university, is prevented from attending the meetings of the board by reason of pressing business engagements in Terrell superior court.

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CHEW TOBACCO!  
BUT DON'T CHEW POISON

**UDOLPH FINZER'S Pat "Havana Cured"**  
process for treating tobacco, removes nicotine, dirt and grease, enabling the leaf to absorb the purest juice, and making the only wholesome chew in the world—one that will not cause heartburn, nervousness, nor indigestion.

**TURK.**  
Fine Cavendish, Brandy, peach flavor, an everlasting chew.

**SUNLIGHT NUGGET.**  
The perfection of sweet tobacco.

**STARLIGHT.**  
A fruit-flavored pocket piece for the people. Guaranteed not to contain a trace of chemical poisons. Chew it a week and you will see it. The pilot-wheel on every plug.

**UDOLPH FINZER TOBACCO CO.,**  
Louisville, Ky.

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## SUMMER RESORTS

Rhea Springs, East Tennessee.

CELEBRATED AS A CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA, Chronic Catarrh, Indigestion, and other ailments. Opened under entirely new management. Hotel and cottages remodeled. Climate improved. Seven hours run from Louisville, Ky., north of Chattanooga. Description circularized upon application.

T. B. GORMAN,  
Manager.

Formerly of Warm Springs, N. C.

**ALUM SPRINGS, Ga.**

High up in the Virginia mountains. Picturesque surroundings, extensive and beautiful. Electric light, gas, electric bells and all modern conveniences. Two daily mails to and from Louisville, Ky. Express office on the premises. Table the best. Luxurious furnished rooms; superb cuisine. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Rates moderate. Open for visitors June 15th. Address: Alum Springs, Ga. B. T. WILKINSON, Manager.

**EAST TWENTY-SECOND STREET,**

Near Broadway, New York.

MRS. A. NICHOLS.

High up in the Virginia mountains. Picturesque surroundings, extensive and beautiful. Electric light, gas, electric bells and all modern conveniences. Two daily mails to and from Louisville, Ky. Express office on the premises. Table the best. Luxurious furnished rooms; superb cuisine. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Rates moderate. Open for visitors June 15th. Address: Alum Springs, Ga. B. T. WILKINSON, Manager.

**PORTER SPRINGS, Ga.**

Lumpkin County, Ga.

MRS. HENRY P. FARROW, Props.

WM. S. ARMSTRONG, of Atlanta, resident physician.

WARD ONE MONTH WITH BACK FARE IN-cluded from Louisville and return, with 50 days of baggage, \$30, and after one month back to Louisville, \$20. Back to Louisville every day, Thursday and Saturday, and down the next day. Backs start from the Arlington Hotel.

**White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.**

IS GREAT HEALTH AND PLEASURE RE- sulting from the medicinal virtues of the water. The climate is ideal, situated high up in the Alleghenies. Best of all, the water is pure and unadulterated. 5,500 high up in the Alleghenies.

Open for the Season, June 1st.

highest standard of the cuisine, which it has under the present management, will be maintained in every respect. For pamphlet, full information, address

B. F. EAKLE,  
Superintendent.

**PAPERS & MOWERS,**

Rakes, Scissors, Thrashers, Steam En- gines, and other machinery.

**RESTING MACHINERY,**

and 60 Peachtree street.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.,

**THE NEW YORK HOTEL**

NEW YORK CITY.

POPULAR HOTEL HAS BEEN COMPLETE-ly renovated and 100 rooms added, making its capacity 400. The climate is ideal, situated high up in the Alleghenies. Best of all, the water is pure and unadulterated. 5,500 high up in the Alleghenies.

2. Restaurant of superior excellence. 3. Bars, meals a la carte, and a la carte, with 100 rooms, without board, from \$1 per day and upwards.

AL. BATES TO PERMANENT GUESTS.

H. CRANSTON.

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ROCKINGHAM, CO. VA.

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**ARM SPRINGS,**

Periwether County, Ga.

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**TH AVENUE HOTEL**

Madison Square, New York.

Largest, Best Appointed and Most Liberal Hotel in the city, with the most complete and beautiful Location.

**Chock, Darling & Co.**

NEW YORK.

Formerly of Warm Springs, N. C.

**CLINGMAN'S TOBACCO REMEDIES**

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO OINTMENT

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO CAKE

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO PLASTER

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO CURE CO.

DURHAM, N. C., U. S. A.

**WEEK MEN**

uffering from the effects of youthful ex- cess, etc. will find relief from early decay, loss of vitality, etc. by using the Clingman's Tobacco Cure. Address: Prof. E. F. FOWLER, Madison, Conn.

Dr. PRICE'S  
SPECIAL  
FLAVORING  
EXTRACTS  
MOST PERFECT MADE

Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc., flavor as delicately and naturally as the fruit.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

Proprietary Medicines.

## RELIEF

Forty Years a Sufferer from

CATARH.

Wonderful to Relate.

"For FORTY YEARS

I have been a victim to CATARRH—three-fourths of the time a sufferer from EXCRUCIATING PAINS ACROSS MY FOREHEAD AND MY NOSTRILS. The discharges were so offen- sive that I hesitate to men- tion it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune from my hard earnings during my forty years of suffering to obtain relief from the doctors. I have tried patent medicines—every one I could learn of—from the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And AT LAST (57 years of age) have met with a remedy that has cured me entirely—made me a new man. I weighed 125 pounds and now weigh 145. I used thirteen bot- tles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is that being in the humble walks of life, I may not have influence to prevail on all catarrh sufferers to use what has cured me—GUINN'S PIONEER BLOOD RENEWER.

"HENRY CHEVES,

"No. 267 Second St., Macon, Ga."

"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Georgia, merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh."

W. A. HUFF,

"Ex-Mayor of Macon."

A Superb Flesh Producer and Tonic.

**GUINN'S**

Pioneer Blood Renewer

Cures all blood and skin diseases, rheumatism, scrofula, old sores. A perfect spring medicine.

If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles \$1; large bottles \$1.75.

Essay on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

**MACON MEDICINE CO.,**

MACON, GA.

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A TEXAN TOURIST  
TELLS OF THE THINGS HE HEARS  
AND SEES.

A Thrifty Texan Town Outlined—Captain Ferg Kyle—Silver Mines Along the Blanco River—The Political Geopist of the State—Gov. Ireland's Candidacy for the Senate.

KYLE, Tex., June 4.—[Special.]—Traveling southward from Austin, over the International and Great Northern railroad, one is impressed with the natural beauty and fertility of the country, and tourists wonder if there can be a lovelier spot anywhere on the face of the globe. In the midst of this country, and about twenty miles from the capital of the state, is located the town of KYLE.

The town was laid out about six years ago, and now numbers some twelve hundred souls, with churches of various denominations, a seminary for both sexes that is second to no school in the state, and a school of education, is settled by a refined and educated class of people from the older states; is the principal shipping point for two adjoining counties, and does a mercantile business that older and larger cities might well be proud of. The town was named in honor of CAPTAIN FERG KYLE, one of our oldest and most highly honored citizens, who was among the first to cross the Mississippi under the stars and bars, and among the last to sheathe his sword and turn his face toward the boundless prairies, which he claimed as his home. The country around Kyle is well adapted to agriculture, and as a cattle country it cannot be excelled anywhere in the state. The old Austin and San Antonio stage road runs near the town, and two miles west the romantic BLANCO RIVER courses its way through cliffs and woodlands, and over lovely prairies in its journey to the sea. There are many beautiful Indian legends connected with this river which tradition has handed down from ages, while the old tradi- tional Spanish mines that were once supposed to have furnished silver in vast quantities to the ancient Aztec chieftains, have been the theme and dream of many and many a fortune seeker of the present day, who is lured from afar only to find that the hope he fol- lowed was nothing more than some will-o-the-wisp. That

SILVER DID EXIST in this region at one time there is every reason to believe, as traces of mining can be found in more than one place on the banks of the river, and specimens of fine ore are now and then picked up by the prospector. No one has as yet been able to locate the silver, or, leads, however, and after all these mines may have existed more in fancy than in reality. In this subject I will speak again in the near future, and for the present I will deliver a moment into the politics of the state. The central and most imposing figure in our political world today is GOVERNOR JOHN IRVING. A man who rose from the son of a poor but honest Kentucky farmer to be twice elected governor of the grandest and proudest state in the federal union. His nomination by the democratic party was by no means a foregone conclusion, which proves the greatness of the man. That he has proven equal to the numerous and difficult emergencies that have arisen in the last four years is a fact that all true Texans will concede, and one that future historians will feel proud to record. The home of Governor Irving is in Seguin, a pretty little city some twenty miles south- east of Kyle, and is a plain, unostentatious building, surrounded by a pretty yard that borders on the rippling Guadalupe river. The governor is now a candidate for the United States senate to succeed General Sam Bell Maxey, and the chances for his selection are now assured. Makes some wonderful tidal waves sweeps over the country by the time the next legislative convenes. As governor of Texas, he is a man who preserves his dignity without being stiff or cold, while at home, he treats his visitors with the hospitality that is genuinely southern and not soon to be forgotten. He is a deep thinker, acts with precision and judgment, and when his presence is required, no threat- ening danger can deter him from duty, or cause him to turn from the course he believes to be right.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is a most valuable remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Wasting Diseases of children, Colds and Chronic Coughs, and in all conditions where there is a loss of flesh, a lack of nerve power and a general debility of the system. The best thing yet discovered for seasickness is Scott's Emulsion. Baron von Humboldt, in his travels and explorations in South America became deeply interested in the wonderful properties of the Cod fish. Consumption and asthma, he says, the unknown natives who use it and its furthermost country, to longevity. The Cod forms one of the ingredients of the Elixir Co's, celebrated Cod Fish Tonic. "It is conducive to health and longevity. Its use is very beneficial. Examples of longevity are numerous among the Indians, who, from boyhood up, have used it. Cases are not unfrequently found in a taining the great age of 100 years," says Professor J. J. Van Tschudi (Travels in Peru). Invaluable in dyspepsia, liver complaint, cancer, debility, biliousness. "Yes, I want a man, but the work is heavy, and he must be healthy and strong. I suppose you enjoy good health, do you? You bet I do, because I have a healthy tonic weekly." James J. Mitchell, Superintendent Stone Department New Capitol at Albany, N. Y., writes: "315 Lark Street, June 25, 1885. I have been using Alcock's Porous Plasters on my own person and in my family for the last thirty years. I deem it a matter of duty to bear public testimony to their exceeding use- fulness as an external remedy. Placed upon the right of the stomach, they warm and tone the digestive organs. On the small of the back, they give vigor to the nervous system, and act as a wonderful diuretic. I think in all cases of dyspepsia they should be worn both on the back and on the pit of the stomach. In this way they act as a stimulus to the whole system."

Mr. J. C. Riley has not been confirmed as postmaster at Cincinnati. It would have been in Mr. Riley's trousers pockets, we think, if he had been born a Louisville widow.—Chicago News.

All persons afflicted with Dyspepsia, Diar- rhea, Colic and all kinds of indigestions will find immediate relief and sure cure by using ANGSTURA BITTERS. The only genuine is manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Making a Record. A Friday entry on the minutes of the legisla- ture: "Adjourned to go to New Orleans."

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for chil- dren teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma- tion, allays all pain and cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Fine Food for Wingless Angels. From the Boston Budget. Crystallized violets at 50 a pound are the very latest fashions in confectionery.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE. As an Appetizer. DR. MORRIS GRUBB, Howard City, Mich., says: "I am greatly pleased with its action; it is an agreeable and a good appetizer."

ATLANTA  
—TO—  
Louisville, Ky., and Return  
\$12.50  
VIA THE  
GEORGIA PACIFIC RY  
AND  
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

TICKETS ON SALE JUNE 7TH, 8TH AND 9TH, GOOD TO RETURN FIVE DAYS FROM DATE OF SALE.

DAILY  
2 EXPRESS TRAINS 2

LEAVING ATLANTA 4:30 P. M., 8:00 A. M.







September 7th, 1878.











